

STOVES, STOVES.

Notwithstanding all manufacturers have advanced prices. [We shall for] **THE NEXT 30 DAYS**

Make Prices on all Stoves that will pay anybody wanting a Stove within the coming year to investigate,

As we want room for our Spring Goods. Also a full line of

Builders' Hardware, Nails, Cutlery, Tin, Agate, & Granite

Iron Ware, and Housekeeping Goods Generally.

For The Celebrated Clauss Shears and Scissors,

THE CHALLENGE ICEBERG REFRIGERATORS, Etc. We also

Do All Kinds of Tin and Solid Iron Work, Cornices, Window Trimmings

Furnaces Heating, Etc.

All at Prices as Low as First Class work and material will allow.

GRISWOLD & SANBORN, 28 South Main St.

Hanchett & Sheldon

Dealers at wholesale and retail, have on hand the largest and

BEST SELECTED STOCK & HARDWARE,

IRON, WAGON STOCK, NAILS

Builder's Hardware, Stoves, Etc.

To be found in Southern Wisconsin, and will make prices on same that

will defy competition. Among their specialties in Stoves this season

may be found the celebrated

WEST POINT PARLOR HEATER.

Favorite Wood and Coal Ranges, Favorite, Oak and the

Best and Cheaper Lines of Coal and Wood Heaters in the Market

Don't fail to examine our stock before buying.

The Grand Oil Heater.

The marvel of the age, constantly in operation.

Remember First-Class Tin Shop with experienced Workmen.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

At the Insurance and Real Estate office Room 13, second floor in the Jackson Block,

is represented the old, strong

Leading Insurance Companies

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED AND - FIRE - TESTED,

ALSO THE

Travelers' Accident Insurance Company,

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of

Very Respectfully,

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

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THAT SENATORIAL ROW.

CALL AND CHANDLER REHEARSE THEIR BLOODLESS WAR.

The Florida Statesman Shocks Uncle John Sherman With His Language—Other Capital News.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—In the debate on the resolution offered by Mr. Chandler in the Senate concerning Mr. Call for interpreting the official report of the proceedings of the Senate a paragraph that had not been spoken, and that was unparliamentary and personally offensive, Mr. Call gave notice to the Senator from New Hampshire that he would bring him by the resolution that he (Mr. Call) would arraign him (Mr. Chandler) before the Senate, and would demand an investigation by the committee for making an accusation that was untrue.

He (Mr. Call) would convict the Senator on evidence of his own, that would convict him before a jury of respectable New Hampshire Republicans, that he did hear and know that he (Mr. Call) had uttered on the floor of the Senate substantially the whole of the charge contained in the paragraph, and with a very few exceptions every word contained in it.

Mr. Call gave notice to the Senator that he would not submit tamely to the imputation put upon him. He would not accept the charge by the Senator, but he would leave him to the judgment of public opinion throughout the country for having heard his (Mr. Call's) remarks and having had neither the courage nor the manhood to resent them.

Mr. Sherman declared that the rules of the Senate had just been violated by the Senator from Florida in as gross a manner as he had ever witnessed. He had not chosen to interrupt the Senator, but the record would show what he had said, and he hoped that the committee would examine it. When the Senate of the United States came to such a condition that the charge of cowardice could be applied to a Senator, and that a Senator could be charged with stating the truth falsely, it seemed to him that the Senate was receding from the dignity which had distinguished it from the foundation of the government. He hoped that the Senator from Florida would read over the report of what he had said, and not have published in the record a language which in any general assembly in the world would be regarded as disorderly and improper.

Mr. Call—If I have violated any rule of the Senate by any observations which I have made to-day, or formerly, I withdraw them, and I apologize to the Senate.

Mr. Chandler—"If?"

Mr. Call—I did not understand that I was violating any rule. If I am not at liberty when a resolution reflecting on me is offered here to state that it is not true, then I do not understand the rules of the Senate. But if, in the judgment of any Senator, it is improper to use that language I withdraw it and apologize for it.

Mr. Chandler—I will not reply to the gentleman from Florida this morning in unparliamentary language. I am now before the Senate, and which is now before the Senate, and which I am willing to have referred to the committee on privileges and elections, what the conduct of the Senator from Florida has been. I have recited the words which he used, and the alterations which he made in the official report. The facts are stated in the preamble. The facts are true. The complaint which I made was that the Senator had inserted in his remarks words which he had not uttered.

When the Senate has decided which language it is parliamentary to use I will take occasion to defend myself from all the imputations of the Senator from Florida.

At 2 o'clock the Blair educational bill was taken up as unfinished business and Mr. Coke addressed the Senate in opposition to it.

On motion of Mr. Wilson of Iowa, the amendments of the House to the Senate bill to amend the act for a bridge across the Mississippi river at Clinton, Iowa, were concurred in.

The House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The House passed the following bills: Extending to San Diego and Wilmington, Cal., and San Antonio, Texas, the provisions of the act relative to the immediate transportation of dutiable goods; the Senate bill making Minneapolis sub-port of entry and delivery; authorizing the Secretary of State to appoint two suitable persons to represent the United States at the international conference in reference to the protection of industrial property to be held at Madrid, Spain, April 1, 1890.

The House in committee of the whole resumed consideration of the Oklahoma bill.

Called on Harrison.

Members of the Chicago World's Fair Delegation Meet the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The members of the Chicago world's fair delegation were presented to the President at the White House this morning. The introductions were made by Senator Cullum. The party then went to a photograph gallery and had their pictures taken in a group.

The New York, St. Louis, and Washington people are showing good feeling toward Chicago because they were fairly and honorably beaten, and all of them are disposed to co-operate in making the exposition successful. Although this is the general attitude of the defeated, an embittered soul is occasionally to be found who declares that the world's fair bill when it again comes before the House from the committee will be rejected and that the whole project will be wrecked.

A story is being set out by an Eastern representative to the effect that the fifty-nine Senators are against Chicago and in favor of Washington, and that they propose to kill the Chicago bill. Col. George R. Davis, chairman of the Chicago Congressional committee, denies the story and says that a more likely version would be that fifty-nine Senators are in favor of Chicago.

Several members of the Chicago committee will remain here to take care of the city's interests.

To Re-Adjust Postal Salaries.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—John H. Patterson, of Chicago, addressed the House committee on postoffices in favor of the passage of Mr. Caldwell's bill to re-adjust the salaries of persons in the railway mail service, known as postal clerks. The bill divides the postal clerks into seven classes, and fixes their salaries at the following rate per annum: First class, \$800; second, \$1,000; third, \$1,200; fourth, \$1,350; fifth, \$1,500; sixth, \$1,600; seventh, \$1,800.

Trouble Among the Fans.

Functionaries of the All-American Conference in a Row.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—A row in the Pan-American congress is giving a good deal of amusement to the delegates. Mr. Blaine appointed W. E. Curtis, a newspaper correspondent, chief executive of the conference and the foreign delegates chose Mr. Pierra of the Spanish American Commercial Union of New York, Spanish secretary. Pierra looks upon Curtis as an interloper, and several quarrels between the two have given much annoyance to Secretary Blaine and caused some irritation among the foreign delegates.

Curtis took measures to preserve the secrecy of the proceedings. Pierra accused him of intermeddling, and when the American delegates declined to interfere Pierra wrote out his resignation.

nation. This has done three times on the occasion of as many rows, but each time he has withdrawn it. He refuses to accept any salary hereafter, and says that if the United States cannot pay him more than \$300 a month he will give them that amount. The conference will probably adjourn by the middle of April.

APPOINTMENTS.

Several Diplomates Selected—A Chicago Office Filled.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Harold M. Sewell, Maine, consul general at Apia.

United States consuls—Henry W. Adams, Ohio, at Hancowick, John Fowler, Massachusetts, at Xingoo; William B. McCreery, Michigan, at Valparaiso; John Steel Twells, Pennsylvania, at Naples.

Edward W. Watson, Tennessee, surveyor of customs for port of Chattanooga. Robert N. Pearson, Illinois, appraiser of merchandise in district of Chicago.

Promotions in the Navy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Rear Admiral James E. Jouett will be placed on the retired list next Thursday. This will place Rear Admiral Kimberly at the head of rear admirals on the active list, and move up one peg Bancroft Gherardi, Daniel L. Braine, George E. Belknap, David B. Harney, and A. E. K. Benham to rear admirals, with John Irwin heading the list of commodores.

Water Transportation Wanted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Gov. Stanford of Missouri, in an argument before the river and harbor committee in favor of liberal appropriations for improvements in navigable streams, called special attention to the extremely low price of farm products in the West and the necessity for cheap transportation.

The King Must Wait.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Mr. Hill, of Illinois, asked unanimous consent of the House to request the President to invite the King of the Hawaiian Islands to select delegates to represent that kingdom in the Pan-American congress, but Mr. Rogers, of Arkansas, objected.

The Row with Colombia.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Consul Masters, at Cartagena, United States of Colombia, has called the State department "An American consul in the hands of the Colombian customs laws."

No Cigars by Mail.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Assistant Secretary Tichenor has reaffirmed the Treasury decision that cigars cannot be legally imported through the mail.

The Last of Earth.

Funeral Services of the Late John Jacob Astor in New York.

New York, Feb. 26.—At ten minutes before 10 o'clock Tuesday morning the purple velvet covered casket containing the body of John Jacob Astor was taken from his palatial residence, at Thirty-third street and Fifth avenue, to the hearse awaiting it at the door. About forty carriages lined the avenue on the other side of the road to follow the funeral procession to Trinity Chapel in Twenty-fifth street, where the funeral services were to be held. When the casket had been deposited here the hearse and it had moved from the place in which it stood, before the doorway awaiting its burden, carriages drove up and into them entered Mr. and Mrs. Waldorf Astor, the son and daughter-in-law of the dead millionaire, and the other relatives.

The funeral cortege reached the church at 10 o'clock when the casket was carried in it was received by the sexton, Albert Menier, a choir of boys and men clad in cassocks and surplices, the official clergymen, Rev. C. E. Swaps, Rev. Morgan Dix, and Rev. Henry C. Potter.

The pall bearers on each side of the casket were George L. Schuyler, A. Gracie King, Colonel E. E. Wright, Sidney Webster, John Jay, Richard C. F. Southmayd, J. L. Cadwallader. Following them came the members of Mr. Astor's family and his friends.

While the casket was being carried down the aisle the choir sang the professional hymn, "Hark, Hark, My Soul." The clergymen already named read the funeral service of the Protestant Episcopal church, and at intervals during the service the choir sang, "Lord, Let Me Know Mine End," "Nearer, My God, to Thee," "I Heard a Voice from Heaven," and the Reformation hymn, "Jerusalem the Golden."

Left His Fortune to His Men.

MONTREAL, Que., Feb. 26.—M. Chanteloup, the largest brass founder in Canada, who died last week, left his fortune, estimated at \$200,000, with the exception of a few thousand dollars which goes to charity, to his employees. Each of his 500 workmen gets \$100, while three others are left the business and capital to carry it on. Chanteloup was a Frenchman, and during the Paris riots had to fly to Canada.

Headache and Dyspepsia.

William E. Rockwell, No. 612 West 57th street, New York, says:

"I have been a martyr to bilious headache and dyspepsia. Any indiscretion in diet, overfatigue, or cold, brings on a fit of indigestion, to be followed by a headache lasting two or three days at a time. I think I must have tried over twenty different remedies, which were recommended as certain cures by loving friends, but it was no use. At last I changed my mind and began to do as I was told by Dr. J. C. Carter's Little Liver Pills. For the first week I took two pills every night, then one pill for thirty nights; in that time I gained three pounds in weight and never had an ache or a pain since."

Disease in one part of the body will eventually fill the whole body with disease. Every year or two some part of the system grows weak and begins to decay. Such parts should be removed at once, and new matter be allowed to take its place. There is no need of cutting it out with a surgeon's scalpel. Purge away the old diseased and worn-out parts with BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS are purely vegetable, absolutely harmless and safe to take at any time.

Sell to every drug and medicine store, either plain or sugar-coated.

Pears' soap secures a beautiful complexion.

CARL PRETZEL'S PHILOSOPHY.

It was exceedingly unnecessary for a fellow to drink and to shoot all day at the table at the banquet tables of his life.

Der weisheit's of his world was sometimes bring forth to der afflicted and much many troubles to der broseherous.

There was much many mens dot was know dot they desert a good fiddings, but they don't would allow every feller to git it to him.

It was poety good, meditations dot der goot things which der Lord did gafe us was plainly evidenced dot der evils which He sends was not inflicted mit malices.

Goods paper, pen and ink at Sutherland's.

A St. Louis lady says whenever she sees a little girl gaiter act or finds a man giving up his seat in a car to a woman she knows that man is either a Southerner, an actor, an artist, or a newspaper man—New York Herald.

ELECTRIC FLASHES.

S. C. HOWES, a dissipated barber of Dewitt, Iowa, committed suicide.

The majority for local option in Van Buren county, Michigan, is about twelve hundred.

DAVID SNITZER, of Clinton, Iowa, slashed himself with a razor and will probably die.

GEN. ALGER is attending the annual encampment of the New York Grand Army department at Syracuse.

The case of Kemmler, the murderer sentenced to be executed by electricity, is being heard on appeal at Albany.

J. W. HUDSON, city marshal of Centreville, Mo., was fatally shot by Charles Smith, whom he was trying to arrest for making a disturbance.

The Merrimack Glove Factory, at Warren, N. H., together with a large amount of stock, was burned. Loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$25,000.

THOMAS H. MCKINNON, a prominent renting agent at Augusta, Ga., is said to have disappeared with a woman, leaving a shortage in his accounts.

MICHAEL and Edward Thompson, whose home was Hoosierville, four miles south of Brazil, Ind., were killed by an explosion in a coal mine near Fort Scott, Kan.

CASIMER BARR, of the Lincoln National bank at Lancaster, Pa., and his alleged accomplice, charged with robbing the bank of \$12,000, have been held in \$15,000 bail.

TIMOTHY O'CONNELL, of Shelburn, Nova Scotia; Abram Frazier and Abram Grimes, of New Brunswick, sailors on the schooner Marion Grimes, were drowned on the 21st inst.

SWIFT & Co. of Chicago are building a house at Green Bay, Wis., to hold 6,000 tons of ice. They are shipping ninety carloads of ice daily to Chicago. J. C. Casey of Louisville, Ky., is erecting a house at Depere to hold 10,000 tons.

At a meeting in Indianapolis of corn millers from all the principal points in the West, resolutions were adopted denouncing the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad companies for discrimination in rates in favor of eastern millers.

A loaded car at the top of the slope in the Park county coal mine at Coxville, Ind., broke loose, dashed down into the mine, and struck Jordan Davis and the mule which he was driving. The mule was killed and Davis was crushed between the car and mine wall and probably fatally injured.

The chorus of the Boston Ideal Opera company, which was at Knoxville, Tenn., last night, refused to sing after the first act unless they were paid two weeks' salary in advance. The performance went on with such singers in the chorus as could be recruited from other attaches of the company.

Foreign Notes.

GEN. CHINCHILLA has been appointed Governor-General of Cuba.

MR. GLADSTONE is rapidly mending, and was able to go out of doors yesterday.

The journeymen bakers of Vienna are on a general strike for an increase of wages.

ENGLAND and Belgium have accepted the invitation of Germany to take part in the labor conference at Berlin.

WILLIAM LATHAM BRIGHT, son of the late John Bright, has resigned his seat in Parliament on account of ill health.

It is asserted that Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria will pay a visit to Vienna in August for the purpose of wedding an Austrian princess.

Three hundred dock laborers at Greenock, Scotland, struck yesterday. The work of discharging and loading many steamers is delayed in consequence.

The German Conservatives leaders recommend their party to abstain from voting on the second ballot in Berlin when the division is practically between the German Liberals and the Socialists.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—GRAIN—Fairly active and strong. WHEAT—Opened higher making further gains through the session the close being 3/4c above that of the previous day. No. 2 regular February 73 1/2c; May 74 1/2c; close at 74 1/2c. July 75 1/2c. CORN—Strong and advancing 3/4c. No. 2 February 27 1/2c; May 28 1/2c; July 29 1/2c. OATS—Firm and higher. No. 2 February 19 1/2c; May 20 1/2c; July 21 1/2c. PROVISIONS—Steady. Firm and 1/4c higher. Pork—February 19 1/2c; March 20 1/2c; April

